

Irregular Verbs List With Marathi Meaning

Irregular verbs list with Marathi meaning Mastering the use of irregular verbs is essential for anyone learning English, especially for Marathi speakers aiming to improve their language skills. Unlike regular verbs, which follow a predictable pattern in their past tense and past participle forms by adding "-ed," irregular verbs change in various unpredictable ways. Knowing the irregular verbs list with Marathi meanings can significantly enhance your understanding, speaking, and writing abilities in English. This comprehensive guide provides a detailed list of common irregular verbs, their past tense and past participle forms, along with their Marathi translations to facilitate easier learning.

What Are Irregular Verbs?

Irregular verbs are verbs that do not follow the standard rule of adding "-ed" for the past tense and past participle forms. Instead, their forms change in unique ways that must be memorized. These verbs are frequently used in everyday conversation and writing, making it crucial for language learners to familiarize themselves with their forms and meanings.

Common Irregular Verbs List with Marathi Meaning

Below is a curated list of frequently used irregular verbs, including their base form, past tense, past participle, and Marathi meanings.

1. Be

1. Base Form: be
2. Past Tense: was/were
3. Past Participle: been
4. Marathi Meaning: असणे

2. Become

1. Base Form: become
2. Past Tense: became
3. Past Participle: become
4. Marathi Meaning: होणे

3. Begin

1. Base Form: begin
2. Past Tense: began
3. Past Participle: begun
4. Marathi Meaning: सुरु करणे

4. Break

1. Base Form: break
2. Past Tense: broke
3. Past Participle: broken
4. Marathi Meaning: तोडणे

5. Bring

1. Base Form: bring
2. Past Tense: brought
3. Past Participle: brought
4. Marathi Meaning: घेऊन येणे

6. Build

1. Base Form: build
2. Past Tense: built
3. Past Participle: built
4. Marathi Meaning: बांधणे

7. Choose

1. Base Form: choose
2. Past Tense: chose
3. Past Participle: chosen
4. Marathi Meaning: निवडणे

8. Come

1. Base Form: come
2. Past Tense: came
3. Past Participle: come
4. Marathi Meaning: येणे

9. Do

1. Base Form: do
2. Past Tense: did
3. Past Participle: done
4. Marathi Meaning: करणे

10. Drink

1. Base Form: drink
2. Past Tense: drank
3. Past Participle: drunk
4. Marathi Meaning: पीणे

11. Drive

1. Base Form: drive
2. Past Tense: drove
3. Past Participle: driven
4. Marathi Meaning: गाडी चालवणे

12. Eat

1. Base Form: eat
2. Past Tense: ate
3. Past Participle: eaten
4. Marathi Meaning: खाणे

13. Fall

1. Base Form: fall
2. Past Tense: fell
3. Past Participle: fallen
4. Marathi Meaning: पडणे

14. Feel

1. Base Form: feel
2. Past Tense: felt
3. Past Participle: felt
4. Marathi Meaning: जाणवणे

15. Find

1. Base Form: find
2. Past Tense: found
3. Past Participle: found
4. Marathi Meaning: शोधणे

16. Fly

1. Base Form: fly
2. Past Tense: flew
3. Past Participle: flown
4. Marathi Meaning: उडणे

17. Forget

1. Base Form: forget
2. Past Tense: forgot
3. Past Participle: forgotten
4. Marathi Meaning: विसरणे

18. Get

1. Base Form: get
2. Past Tense: got
3. Past Participle: gotten (US) / got (UK)
4. Marathi Meaning: प्राप्त करणे

19. Give

1. Base Form: give
2. Past Tense: gave
3. Past Participle: given
4. Marathi Meaning: देणे

20. Go

1. Base Form: go
2. Past Tense: went
3. Past Participle: gone
4. Marathi Meaning: जाणे

Importance of Learning Irregular Verbs with Marathi Meaning

Understanding the irregular verbs list with Marathi meanings is vital for several reasons:

1. **Enhanced Vocabulary:** Knowing these verbs expands your vocabulary and helps you express ideas more effectively.
2. **Improved Grammar Skills:** Correct usage of irregular verbs improves your grammatical accuracy in both spoken and written English.
3. **Better Communication:** Familiarity with common irregular verbs allows you to communicate more naturally and confidently.
4. **Language Transfer:** Marathi speakers can relate better when they understand the translations, making learning easier.

Tips to Memorize Irregular Verbs Effectively

Learning irregular verbs can be challenging, but these tips can make the process easier:

1. **Practice Regularly:** Frequent practice through writing and speaking helps reinforce memory.
2. **Use Flashcards:** Create flashcards with the verb on one side and its forms and Marathi meaning on the other.
3. **Group Similar Verbs:** Group verbs with similar patterns or meanings for easier recall.
4. **Engage in Conversation:** Use irregular verbs actively in conversations to build confidence.
5. **Read and Listen:** Exposure to English texts, movies, and audio helps in recognizing and remembering irregular verbs in context.

Conclusion

Mastering the list of irregular verbs with Marathi meaning is a crucial step in achieving fluency in English for Marathi speakers. By familiarizing yourself with the most common irregular verbs, their forms, and meanings, you can significantly improve your language skills. Regular practice, usage in real-life situations, and understanding their Marathi counterparts can make learning more effective and enjoyable. Keep this list handy as a reference, and gradually incorporate these verbs into your daily vocabulary to become more confident in your English language journey.

Irregular verbs list with Marathi meaning In the realm of the English language, verbs serve as the backbone of communication, expressing actions, occurrences, and states of being. Among these, irregular verbs hold a special place due to their unpredictable conjugation patterns, which often challenge learners and educators alike. An understanding of irregular verbs, along with their Marathi equivalents, is essential for anyone aiming to attain fluency in English, especially for Marathi speakers seeking to bridge the linguistic gap. This comprehensive review delves into the intricacies of irregular verbs, providing an extensive list with Marathi meanings, detailed explanations, and practical insights to facilitate mastery.

Understanding Irregular Verbs

What are Irregular Verbs?

Irregular verbs are verbs that do not follow the standard pattern of conjugation in the past tense and past participle forms. Unlike regular verbs that typically add "-ed" at the end to form past tense and past participle (e.g., "talk," "talked," "talked"), irregular verbs modify their root forms in unpredictable ways, often requiring memorization. Example: | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | go | went | gone | जाणे | | buy | bought | bought | खरेदी करणे | | see | saw | seen | पहाणे | The irregularity in their forms makes them a challenging aspect of English learning, but understanding their patterns and meanings is crucial for effective communication.

Why Are They Important?

Irregular verbs are frequently used in everyday speech and writing. Mastery over these verbs enhances grammatical accuracy and fluency. For learners whose first language is Marathi, understanding the equivalent meanings and usage contexts greatly aids comprehension and retention.

Comprehensive List of Common Irregular Verbs with Marathi Meanings

Below is an extensive compilation of frequently used irregular verbs, their past tense, past participle forms, and Marathi translations. This list serves as an essential reference for learners and educators.

1. To Be - असणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | be | was/were | been | असणे |
2. To Become - होणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | become | became | become | होणे |
3. To Begin - सुरु करणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | begin | began | begun | सुरु करणे |
4. To Break - तोडणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | break | broke | broken | तोडणे |
5. To Bring - आणणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | bring | brought | brought | आणणे |
6. To Build - बांधणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | build | built | built | बांधणे |
7. To Buy - खरेदी करणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | buy | bought | bought | खरेदी करणे |
8. To Catch - पकडणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | catch | caught | caught | पकडणे |
9. To Choose - निवडणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | choose | chose | chosen | निवडणे |
10. To Come - येणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | come | came | come | येणे |
11. To Do - करणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | do | did | done | करणे |
12. To Drink - प्यायचे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | drink | drank | drunk | प्यायचे |
13. To Drive - चालवणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | drive | drove | driven | चालवणे |
14. To Fall - पडणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | fall | fell | fallen | पडणे |
15. To Feel - जाणवणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | feel | felt | felt | जाणवणे |
16. To Find - शोधणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | find | found | found | शोधणे |
17. To Fly - उडणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | fly | flew | flown | उडणे |
18. To Give - देणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | give | gave | given | देणे |
19. To Go - जाणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | go | went | gone | जाणे |
20. To Know - जाणणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | know | knew | known | जाणणे |
21. To Leave - सोडणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | leave | left | left | सोडणे |
22. To Make - बनवणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | make | made | made | बनवणे |
23. To Meet - भेटणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | meet | met | met | भेटणे |
24. To Read - वाचणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | read | read (pronounced as 'red') | read | वाचणे |
25. To Ride - स्वार होणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | ride | rode | ridden | स्वार होणे |
26. To Ring - वाजवणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | ring | rang | rung | वाजवणे |
27. To Rise - उभे राहणे | Base Form | Past Tense | Past Participle | Marathi Meaning (शब्दार्थ) | ||||| | rise | rose | risen | उभे राहणे |
28. To Say - म्हणणे | Base Form |

Questions & Answers About irregular verbs list with marathi meaning

No	Question	Answer
1	What are irregular verbs and why are they important in learning English with Marathi meanings?	Irregular verbs are verbs that do not follow the standard rules of conjugation in the past tense and past participle forms. They are important because they are commonly used in English, and knowing their Marathi meanings helps Marathi speakers understand and use them correctly.
2	Can you provide a list of common irregular verbs with their Marathi meanings?	Yes, some common irregular verbs include: 'Go' - जाणे, 'Come' - येणे, 'Eat' - खाणे, 'See' - पाहणे, 'Take' - घेणे, 'Write' - लिहिणे, 'Speak' - बोलणे, 'Run' - धावणे.
3	How can I memorize irregular verbs along with their Marathi meanings effectively?	You can memorize irregular verbs by creating flashcards, practicing with sentences, grouping similar verbs, and regularly revising their English forms along with Marathi meanings to reinforce your memory.
4	Are there any online resources or charts for irregular verbs with Marathi translations?	Yes, many websites and language learning apps offer charts and lists of irregular verbs with Marathi translations, which can be very helpful for learners. Searching for 'Irregular verbs list with Marathi meaning' online will provide useful resources.
5	What is an example sentence using an irregular verb with its Marathi meaning?	Example: I went to the market. (मॅर्केटला गेले) Here, 'went' is the past tense of 'go' and its Marathi meaning is 'गेला'.
6	Why is it challenging to learn irregular verbs, and how does knowing their Marathi meanings help?	Irregular verbs do not follow standard rules, making them tricky to learn. Knowing their Marathi meanings helps learners understand the context, remember the forms better, and use them correctly in sentences.

irregular verbs, list of irregular verbs, Marathi meanings, English verbs, verb list, verb conjugation, verb forms, grammar, language learning, Marathi grammar